REPORT OF COMPLIANCE BIOMONITORING INSPECTION-ACUTE

AT

DOE RUN HERCULANEUM SMELTER

HERCULANEUM, MISSOURI

NPDES PERMIT NUMBER: MO-0000281

FEBRUARY 22-24, 1999

BY

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Region VII Environmental Services Division

INTRODUCTION

At the request of the Water, Wetlands and Pesticides Division, NPDES Facilities Management Branch, I performed a Compliance Biomonitoring Inspection-Acute (CBI-A) of the Doe Run Herculaneum Smelter in Herculaneum, Missouri on February 22-24, 1999. This narrative report and attachments present the results of the inspection.

PARTICIPANTS

Doe Run Herculaneum Smelter:
James M. Lanzafame, Environmental Manager

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA): Lorenzo P. Sena, Environmental Protection Specialist Bruce A. Littell, Environmental Scientist

INSPECTION PROCEDURES

Facility personnel were not notified prior to the inspection. Upon arrival to the facility Mr. Littell and I contacted Mr. Lanzafame from the lobby, Mr. Lanzafame arrived shortly after. We presented our credentials and explained the purpose and procedures of this inspection. We then set up an appointment for February 24, 1999. Mr. Lanzafame escorted Mr. Littell and I to Outfall 001 where we set up an ISCO 1580 HS wastewater sampler. This CBI-A consisted of the review of facility records, sample collection and sample analysis, and an inspection of the facility. On February 24, Mr. Lanzafame escorted Mr. Littell and I on a tour of the facility.

40326072 Superfund

FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The Doe Run Company is a lead manufacturing company which owns and operates several mines, mills and smelters. There are eight mines (all located in the Viburnum Trend), five mills and three smelters all of which are located in eastern Missouri. The Herculaneum smelter is also a lead refinery. This facility occupies 26 to 28 acres of the 620 acres owned by Doe Run in the area. The lead products manufactured at this facility are derived from galena (PbS) ore concentrate.

The ore concentrate is transported by rail or truck from one of the five Doe Run mills. The lead concentrate is comprised of about 78% lead sulfide (PbS) and 12-14% sulphur (S). The concentrate is mixed with sand, hematite and secondaries until the concentration of PbS is approximately 45%. This mixture is fed into the sintering machine. Sintering converts the lead sulfide into lead oxide and produces sulphur dioxide, which is used to produce sulfuric acid. Approximately 330,000 tons/year of lead concentrate is processed. Finish sinter is the product of the sintering operation.

Finish sinter is fed to the blast furnaces. Coke, oxygen and blasting air are used to reduce the lead oxide to lead bullion. The facility operates an oxygen plant to supply the furnaces with oxygen for reduction. There are three blast furnaces in this operation two of which are used at any one time. Lead bullion contains mostly lead along with some impurities such as copper, silver and zinc. The primary purpose of the dross plant is the removal of copper. Sulfur and pyrite are added to the bullion to tie up copper in the lead bullion. As the bullion cools, the copper floats to the surface as copper dross. The copper dross is skimmed off and sold as a byproduct.

Decopperized bullion is then transferred to the refinery, in which there are 11 kettles. The refining process consists of multiple steps used to take out silver and zinc, producing 99.99 - 99.999% pure lead. The lead is then cast into 1 ton ingots, 65 pound pigs and 100 pound pigs. A specialty product called lead strip is also made and is primarily for the battery making industry. In 1998 approximately 250,000 tons of lead products were manufactured. Doe Run also formulates lead alloys to customer specifications.

Doe Run not only produces lead but to a lesser extent produces copper dross, silver dross and sulfuric acid. Sulfuric acid is produced as a byproduct of the oxidation of the lead ore concentrate. A Monsanto acid plant, which was constructed in 1969, is used for this process. A new stack was added to the acid plant in September of 1997. There are four designated acid tanks at the north end of the facility (Figure 1) one of which is only used as an emergency overflow tank, and has a capacity of 1,000,000 gallons. The remaining three storage tanks are for acid storage and have capacities of 600,000 gallons, 244,000 gallons and 244,000 gallons, respectively. There is also a product tank located near the acid plant and it has a capacity of 244,000 gallons. These are tank capacities however and do not reflect actual volumes of acid in storage. Sulfuric acid production is roughly 60,000 to 70,000 tons per year which is shipped by barge with smaller amounts by truck and rail.

The Herculaneum smelter currently employs 450 people 90 of which are contractors. The plant operates 24 hours per day and about 355 days per year. There is a scheduled shutdown every year for construction and major repairs, this shutdown lasts one to two weeks.

AIR EMISSIONS

Doe Run Herculaneum Smelter analyzes ambient sulfur dioxide continuously and lead is measured routinely on an every sixth day schedule. New fans were installed in baghouse #3 and are larger than the fans previously used, Mr. Lanzafame also mentioned that they were going to start using Teflon bags. According to Mr. Lanzafame, Teflon bags decrease pressure drop within the baghouse and at the same time collect smaller particles and have a longer bag life. Baghouse #3 has been in operation since 1957.

WASTEWATER TREATMENT

Done sinter is stored outside on concrete pads at the south end storage area (Figure 1). Runoff from this paved area is collected in drains and is routed to the wastewater treatment plant. Approximately 100 meters south of the south end storage area is a zinc-bearing slag pile. It was explained that this slag is not considered a hazardous waste. It is comprised of magnesium, silica, iron and about 10-14% zinc. Runoff from this area is not contained or treated in any way. A storm water permit is pending with the state of Missouri. We were told that this slag is kept because in the future they plan to extract the zinc and sell the zinc metal as product.

Water used in the manufacturing process at the Herculaneum facility is primarily drawn by three pumps at the Ranney well (Figure 1). In addition approximately 140 gallons per minute of city water is used for bearing cooling water and for all personal use. Sanitary wastewater is sent to the Herculaneum Sewer District waste water treatment plant.

Attachment 1 outlines the facility processes which use water. Process water along with storm water drainage from the paved areas of the facility are sent to a sump in the flux building (Figure 2) at a pH of 5 to 7. Process water and storm water are then pumped to the south tank (Item 8 in Figure 1). From the south tank water is pumped to the equalization/thickener (ET) tank at the wastewater treatment area. From the ET tank a portion of the water is returned to the north tank (Figure 2).

Part of the re-circulated water from the equalization/thickener (ET) tank passes through the wastewater treatment plant before it is released to the Mississippi River. From the ET tank the water enters the reactor where lime and polymers are added. The water proceeds through the reactor clarifier and then through three municipal grade sand-anthracite filters in parallel. Treated water is then piped to a small cement structure, where it flows over a 90 degree V-notch weir before entering the Mississippi River as Outfall 001. An ultrasonic detector is used to measure flow and is coupled to a totalizer. Treated water can also be returned to the plant water system by opening a manual valve at the weir-box (Figure 2).

Clarifier sludge is thickened in the equalization plant prior to being dewatered in a large plate and frame filter press. Filtrate is then returned to the headworks at the ET tank. Dewatered sludge is loaded into a railcar and added to the sintering operation along with baghouse dust (which is approximately 60% lead). The waste water treatment plant is staffed by an operator 24 hours/day and 365 days/year.

The purpose of Outfall 002 is to release excess water in the event of a malfunction of the flux building sump pumps, or if their capacity is exceeded. Outfall 002 can only be discharged if two bolted on emergency caps are manually removed. Outfall 002 begins as a standpipe in the flux building sump and is of sufficient height to cause the sump building to flood which would alert personnel of a problem. The standpipe was installed in 1994. At Outfall 002 there is an 8 inch tall and 2 foot wide rectangular weir (Figure 1) for measuring instantaneous flow. In addition, an ISCO Model 2700 composite sampler and a flow meter are available for use in the event of a discharge. No discharge at was observed at Outfall 002 during the inspection.

There is a direct line from the Ranney well to the acid plant. Outfall 003 is once-through cooling water from the acid plant. The flow at Outfall 003 is measured with a McCrometer, Inc. in-line turbine meter coupled to a totalizer. The totalizer is read daily.

There are no provisions for emergency power in the event of a power failure, Mr. Lanzafame explained that when the power shuts off, everything at the facility stops, including wastewater flow.

Water parameters in the Doe-Run Herculaneum Smelter permit, with the exception of pH, temperature and total suspended solids, are analyzed at their Viburnum facility.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND ANALYSES

I installed an ISCO Model 1580 HS automatic sampler at the weir box of Outfall 001, adjacent to the composite sampler used by the Doe Run Herculaneum Smelter sampling personnel.

The sampler was equipped with new pump and plastic intake tubing which meets sampling requirements, and a pre-cleaned three-gallon polyethylene container for sample collection. I rinsed the tubing and collection container with effluent water prior to use. I then placed the sample container in the sampler and iced it. I set the sampler to take a 224 mL aliquot every 30 minutes for 24 hours.

During the period of February 22-23, 1999, I collected a 24 hour composite sample from Outfall 001 in accordance with approved biomonitoring sampling protocol. I also collected grab samples from Outfall 001 and 003 on February 23, 1999 for metals, pH and temperature analysis. Mr. Lanzafame collected grab samples at the same time. There was no discharge observed at Outfall 002.

All samples were collected and preserved in accordance with standard operating procedures and with the exception of pH and temperature (which were determined on-site), were shipped via Federal Express to the EPA, Region VII Laboratory for analysis using approved chain-of-custody and tamper evident seals.

FINDINGS AND OBSERVATIONS

The following findings and observations were noted during the sampling, plant and record review. A complete summary of review is given in the NPDES Compliance Inspection Report (Form 3560-3, Attachment 2).

- 1. During the laboratory record keeping review, equipment calibration logs were reviewed. During the previous inspection it was noted that the lab was not performing pH meter calibration according to EPA accepted methods (two point calibration method using two buffers of known pH). A laboratory operator demonstrated how the pH meter is now being calibrated using the two point method. Upon review of the laboratory bench sheets (which show date of collection, time of collection and time of analysis), Mr. Littell noted that the sample holding time for pH analysis was frequently greater than 15 minutes.
- 2. During the interview with Mr. Lanzafame I noted that the SIC code on the permit (3332) is incorrect, the correct SIC code is 3339 (Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals, except copper and aluminum).
- 3. During review of the DMR data, pH exceedances were observed for Outfall 001, on 11/28/1998 (pH 10.62) and also on 11/30/1998 (pH 10.78). I viewed a copy of the letter mailed to the state. According to the letter, the reason for the exceedances was a malfunctioning pH probe. The pH probe was replaced.
- 4. Effluent from Outfall 001 was shown to be acutely toxic to both <u>C. dubia</u> and <u>P. promelas</u>. All thirty <u>P. promelas</u> exposed to the 100% effluent, fifteen out of thirty in the 50% and eight out of the thirty in the 25% effluent (all statistically significant) died by the end of the 48 hour test. The 48 hour LC_{50} value for <u>P. promelas</u> exposed to the Doe-Run Herculaneum Smelter effluent was calculated to occur at 39.7% effluent. Significant mortality was also observed for <u>C. dubia</u>, as eight out of the twenty in the 100% effluent were dead after 48 hours of exposure. No mortality was observed at the lower concentrations. The 48 hour LC_{50} for <u>C. dubia</u> could not be calculated since less than 50% mortality was observed (Attachment 3). According to the permit special conditions the Allowed Effluent Concentration (AEC) is 10%, in which case no toxicity would have been observed (Attachment 4).
- 5. The grab samples taken from Outfalls 001 and 003 were tested for the metals specified in the permit. The results (Attachment 5) showed that the effluent samples were within permit limits.

- 6. Surface runoff from the facility flows into floor drains which report to the flux building sump. It is then pumped to the waste water treatment plant. A bypass was reported to the state on June 6, 1997. The reason for the bypass was excessive rainfall which caused the flux building pump capacity to be exceeded.
- 7. In addition to the CBI-A, I also completed the attached EPA Region VII Level B Multimedia Screening Checklist (Attachment 6). Copies of the checklist were forwarded to the appropriate programs.

RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Laboratory and sample collection practices must be altered to reduce holding time for pH analysis, in order to conform with 40 CFR 136.3, as discussed in the inspection.

Lorenzo P. Sena

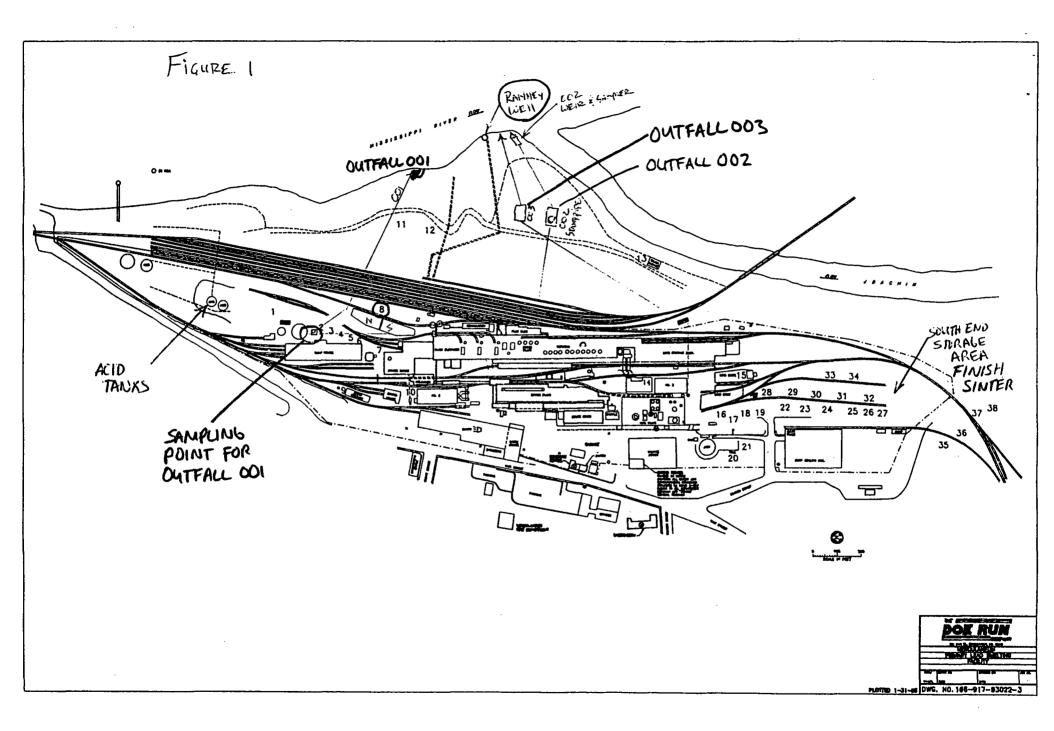
Environmental Protection Specialist

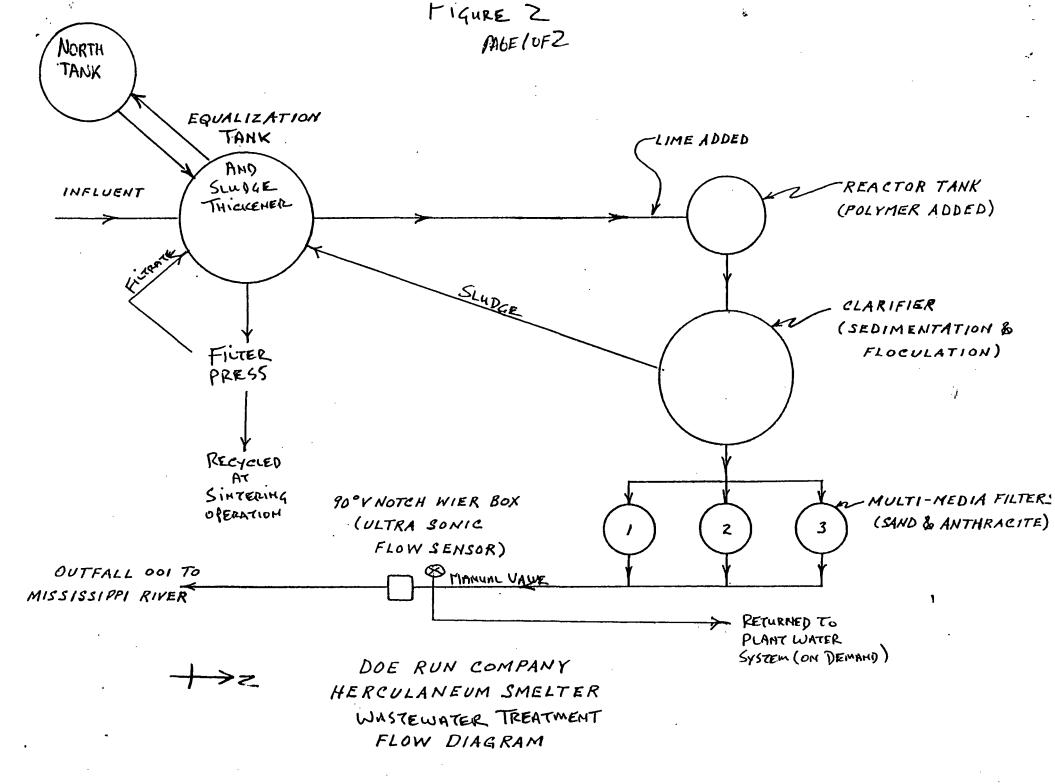
Activity Number: WJF46

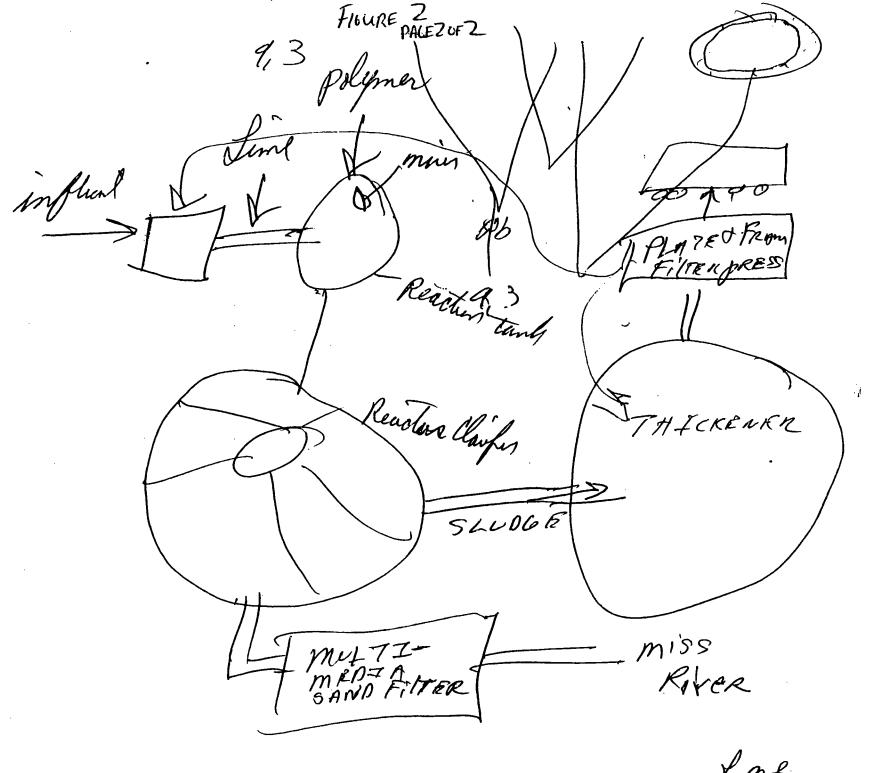
Date: 4/20/99

ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Sources of Water Reporting to Doe Run Herculaneum Smelter Wastewater Treatment Plant (1 page).
- 2. Water Compliance Inspection Report EPA Form 3560-3 (4 pages).
- 3. Toxicity Test Results (7 pages).
- 4. Analytical Request Report (5 pages).
- 5. Missouri State Operating Permit, #MO-0000281 (8 pages).
- 6. Region VII Multimedia Screening Checklist (2 pages).







ATTACHMENT 1

List of wastewater sources reporting to the Doe-Run Herculaneum Smelter wastewater treatment plant

- 1. Plant washdown of pavement and rainfall
- 2. Departmental washdown throughout plant
- 3. Laundry uniform wash water
- 4. Employee hand wash water
- 5. Respirator wash water
- 6. Sinter plant conveyor belt water
- 7. Acid plant blowdown
- 8. Acid plant cooling tower blowdown
- 9. Acid plant bearing cooling water
- 10. Baghouse bearing cooling water
- 11. Blast furnace slag granulation water blowdown
- 12. Blast furnace cooling tower blowdown
- 13. Blast furnace conveyor belt water
- 14. Dross plant dross wetting water
- 15. Wet dross drainage
- 16. Dross furnace cooling tower blowdown
- 17. A portion of the refinery casting water
- 18. Refinery cooling tower blowdown
- 19. Sludge filtrate
- 20. Sand Vertical Gravity filter (SVG) backwash water

United States Environmental Protection Agency Washington, D.C. 20480

Form Approved. OMB No. 2040-0057

Wat	er Compliance	Inspect	ion Repo	ort	Approv	al expires 8	-31-98
Section A: National Data System Coding (i.e., PCS)							
Transaction Code NPD	ES	yr/mo/day		Inspection Type	,	Inspector	Fac Type
1 N 2 5 3 MO 6 0	10/2/8/11 12	191910121 Remarks	17	18B		19 🕅	20 2
21					111		66
Inspection Work Days Facility Self-Mo	onitoring Evaluation Ratio	•	QA			Reserved	
67 69	70	71 [2]	72 N	73 74	75	<u> </u>	
		tion B: Facili		1		la	
Name and Location of Facility Inspected include POTW name and NPDES permit	number)	ischarging to F	OTW, also	Entry Time/D	i i	Permit Effec	1
POE RUN-HERCULAHEUM	~ SIMELTER			2 ,	22/20	11/09	
881 MAIN STREET				Exit Time/Dat		Permit Expir	_
HERCULHEUM MO G	3048			4.10	pm	03/22/	00
Name(s) of On-Site Representative(s)/Ti	itle(s)/Phone and Fax N	umber(s)		Other Facility	Data		**
JIM LANZAFAME/	ENUIROH MEN	MAC MA	WA6EA				
(314) 479 - 5311 FAX	(7.4) 277	210					
Name, Address of Responsible Official/				†			
SAME AS ABOUE 4			Contacted				
J// 1/2 / 1/		紋	Yes 🗌 No				
Section C:	Areas Evaluated Duri	ng Inspection	(Check only	those areas	evaluat	ed)	
Permit	Flow Measureme	ent X	Operations & Maintenance		cs	D/SSO (Sewe	r Overflow)
X Records/Reports	X Self-Monitoring i	rogram X	4	ling/Disposal	Poil	ution Prevent	ion
Facility Site Review	Compliance Sch	edules	Pretreatment	t .	X Mui	ltimedia	
Effluent/Receiving Waters	Laboratory		Storm Water	•	Oth	er:	
Section D: Summary of Fig	ndings/Comments (A	ttach additio	nal sheets of	narrative an	d checkl	ists as nece	ssary)
							•
Name of the second seco		T			·	T	·
Name(s) and Signature(s) of Inspector(s	3)		e/Phone and I		en en.	Date /	,
LOMENTO P. SENIA / LOI	PENZOP SEND	EFA RE	ELLON 7 /F	-(411)5 Mid (4)11\5	51-5214	2/23	3/99
/							
							
Signature of Management Q A Reviews	97	Agency/Offi	ce/Phone and I	Fax Numbers		Date	-
,			, with				

Form Approved
OMB No. 158 - R0073
PERMIT NO.

SECTION F - Facility and Permit Background		F0710 4 7 1 7 1		
ADDRESS OF PERMITTEE IF DIFFERENT FROM FACILITY (Including City, County and ZIP code)	DATE OF LAST PREVIOUS INV		N BY EPA/ST	ATE
The state of the s	1998/STA	12		
	FINDINGS			
SECTION G - Records and Reports	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 		
	XYES ONO ON/A (Fu	esher evolene	tion attached	
RECORDS AND REPORTS MAINTAINED AS REQUIRED BY PERMIT. DETAILS:	YES ONO ON/A (Fu	riner expiana	tion attachea	
a) ADEQUATE RECORDS MAINTAINED OF:				
(i) SAMPLING DATE, TIME, EXACT LOCATION		Z YES	<u> </u>	
(ii) ANALYSES DATES, TIMES		Z YES	<u></u>	
(iii) INDIVIDUAL PERFORMING ANALYSIS		YES	□ NO	[
(iv) ANALYTICAL METHODS/TECHNIQUES USED		U YES	NO	
(v) ANALYTICAL RESULTS (e.g., consistent with self-monitoring repo		X YES	□ NO	
(b) MONITORING RECORDS (e.g., flow, pH, D.O., etc.) MAINTAINED FOR		,		
INCLUDING ALL ORIGINAL STRIP CHART RECORDINGS (e.g. continu				_
		FIX YES	NO	
(c) LAB EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION AND MAINTENANCE RECORDS KER		YES	□ NO	ַ
(d) FACILITY OPERATING RECORDS KEPT INCLUDING OPERATING LO	GS FOR EACH TREATMENT UNIT	r. S. YES	□ NO	
10) QUALITY ASSURANCE RECORDS KEPT. PRINCIPLE DONE COL	IDERAUM FACILITY	☐ YES	□ NO	1
(f) RECORDS MAINTAINED OF MAJOR CONTRIBUTING INDUSTRIES (a)				
PUBLICLY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS.		☐ YES	NO	2
SECTION H - Permit Verification				-
INSPECTION OBSERVATIONS VERIFY THE PERMIT. A YES ON	O N/A (Further explanation	n attached		
DETAILS:				
(a) CORRECT NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS OF PERMITTEE.		X YES	□ NO	£
(b) FACILITY IS AS DESCRIBED IN PERMIT.		X YES	□ NO	
(c) PRINCIPAL PRODUCT(S) AND PRODUCTION RATES CONFORM WITH	THOSE SET FORTH IN PERMIT	``		
APPLICATION.	,	X YES	□ NO	
(g) TREATMENT PROCESSES ARE AS DESCRIBED IN PERMIT APPLICAT	ION.	X YES	□ NO	
(+) NOTIFICATION GIVEN TO EPA/STATE OF NEW, DIFFERENT OR INC		YES	□ NO	7
(1) ACCURATE RECORDS OF RAW WATER VOLUME MAINTAINED.		☐ YES	NO IN	
(g) NUMBER AND LOCATION OF DISCHARGE POINTS ARE AS DESCRIB	ED IN PERMIT	N YES	□ NO	
(h) CORRECT NAME AND LOCATION OF RECEIVING WATERS.		13 YES	□ NO	
(I) ALL DISCHARGES ARE PERMITTED.	······································	X YES	□ NO	Ī
SECTION I - Operation and Maintenance				
}		. ,		
REATMENT FACILITY PROPERLY OPERATED AND MAINTAINED. [] YES NO N/A (F:	ırther explanı	tion attached	' —
a) STANDBY POWER OR OTHER EQUIVALENT PROVISIONS PROVIDED		YES YES	X NO	
ADEQUATE ALARM SYSTEM FOR POWER OR EQUIPMENT FAILURE		☐ YES	Ø NO	
(c) REPORTS ON ALTERNATE SOURCE OF POWER SENT TO EPASTATE	AS REQUIRED BY PERMIT.	☐ YES	□ NO	C
(d) SLUDGES AND SOLIDS ADEQUATELY DISECTED:	MANALED	⊠ YES	□ NO	Ċ
(e) ALL TREATMENT UNITS IN SERVICE.		Z YES	□ NO	Ç
(1) CONSULTING ENGINEER RETAINED OR AVAILABLE FOR CONSULT	TATION ON OPERATION AND			
MAINTENANCE PROBLEMS.		Z YES	□ NO	
(g) QUALIFIED OPERATING STAFF PROVIDED.		YES	□ NO	
(h) ESTABLISHED PROCEDURES AVAILABLE FOR TRAINING NEW OPE	RATORS.	A YES	00	
(i) FILES MAINTAINED ON SPARE PARTS INVENTORY, MAJOR EQUIPM PARTS AND EQUIPMENT SUPPLIERS.	ENT SPECIFICATIONS, AND	YES	□ NO	
(j) INSTRUCTIONS FILES KEPT FOR OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE	OF EACH ITEM OF MAJOR			
EQUIPMENT.	and the second of the second o	X YES	П ио	
(k) OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL MAINTAINED.		Z YES	□ NO	
III SPCC PLAN AVAILABLE.	S/ 18	X YES	□ NO	
W. S. S. LAN AVAILABLE.	2 Allandar Ahlindan	Z YES	□ NO	Ċ
m) RECHI ATORY ACENCY NOTICED OF BY BASSING ACEN				Ċ
(m) REGULATORY AGENCY NOTIFIED OF BY PASSING. (Dates		I I VEE	1 39 N/7	
(m) REGULATORY AGENCY NOTIFIED OF BY PASSING. (Dates 1) (n) ANY BY-PASSING SINCE LAST INSPECTION. (o) ANY HYDRAULIC AND/OR ORGANIC OVERLOADS EXPERIENCED.		YES YES	Ø NO	

CHECK APPROPRIATE PHASE(S): (a) THE PERMITTEE HAS DEADINED THE NECESSARY APPROVALS FROM THE APPROPRIATE AUTHORITIES TO BEGIN CONSTRUCTION (b) PROPER ARRANGEMENT HAS BEEN MADE FOR FINANCING (mortgage commitments, prants, etc.). (c) CONTRACTS FOR REGINEERING SERVICES HAVE SEEN EXECUTED. (d) DESIGN PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS HAVE SEEN COMPLETED. (d) CONSTRUCTION AND/OR EQUIPMENT ACQUISITION IS ON SCHEDULE. (e) CONSTRUCTION AND/OR EQUIPMENT ACQUISITION IS ON SCHEDULE. (e) CONSTRUCTION AND/OR EQUIPMENT ACQUISITION IS ON SCHEDULE. (e) CONSTRUCTION AND/OR EQUIPMENT ACQUISITION IS ON SCHEDULE. (f) PINHARY MEASURING DEVICE PROPERLY INSTALLED. (e) CONSTRUCTION AND/OR SCHEDULE PROPERLY INSTALLED. TYPE OF DEVICE. A DEVICE OF A DEVI	SECTION J - Compliance Schedules	lanation at										
CONTRACTOR OF SERVICE PROPERTY OF REAL PROPERTY OF THE PERMIT. VES NO N.		ERMITTEE IS MEETING COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE.										
AUTHORITIES TO BEGIN CONSTRUCTION. (a) PORTER ARRANGEMENT HAS BEEN MADE FOR FINANCING (mortgage commitments, grants, etc.). (b) CONTRACTS FOR ENGINEERING SERVICES HAVE BEEN EXECUTED. (d) CONSTRUCTION AND OPECIFICATIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED. (e) CONSTRUCTION AND SECONDENCES. (e) CONSTRUCTION AND SEEN COMPLETED. (ii) CONSTRUCTION AND SEEN COMPLETED. (ii) CONSTRUCTION AND SEEN COMPLETED. (iii) START-UP HAS COMMENCED. (iii) START-UP HAS COMMENCED. (iii) THE PERMITTEE HAS REQUESTED AN EXTENSION OF TIME. SECTION N. Self-Monitoring Program Part I - Flow measurement (Further explanation attached	<u> </u>											
GI) CONTRACTS FOR BNGINERING SERVICES HAVE SEEN EXPECTED. GI) DESIGN PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS HAVE SEEN COMPETED. GI) CONSTRUCTION AND COMMENCED. GI) CONSTRUCTION AS GEMMENCED. GI) CONSTRUCTION AS SEEN COMPLETED. GI) START-UP HAS COMMENCED. GI) START-UP HAS COMMENCED. GI) THE PERMITTEE HAS REQUESTED AN EXTENSION OF TIME. SECTION K. Sail-Monitoring Program Part 1 - Flow measurement (Further explanation attached												
GI DESIGN PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED.	_	•										
GI CONSTRUCTION ANS COMMENCED.	_			i								
(1) CONSTRUCTION AND/OR EQUIPMENT ACQUISITION IS ON SCHEDULE.				1								
(a) CONSTRUCTION HAS BEEN COMPLETED. (ii) START-UP HAS COMMENCED.	_			ĺ								
(IN) THE PERMITTEE HAS REQUESTED AN EXTENSION OF TIME. SECTION K - Sulf-Monitoring Program Part 1 - Flow measurement (Parther explanation attached	_											
CI) THE PERMITTEE HAS REQUESTED AN EXTENSION OF TIME. SECTION K - SHIFMONITORING Program Part 1 - Flow measurement (Further explanation attached				ļ								
SECTION K - Sait-Monitoring Program Part 1 — Flow measurement (Further explanation attached												
Part 1 - Flow measurement (Further explanation attached	(i) THE PERMITTEE HAS REQUESTED AN EXTENSION OF TIME.											
PERMITTEE FLOW MEASUREMENT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF THE PERMIT. (a) PRIMARY MEASURING DEVICE PROPERLY INSTALLED. TYPE OF DEVICE. TO AWEIR PARSHALL FLUME MAGMETER DVENTURI METER DTHER (Specific 32 IMPELLER, LIST CALLBRATION PREQUENCY ADEQUATE, (Date of last callbration) AVE COL. DVES NO DV. (b) CALIBRATION PREQUENCY ADEQUATE, (Date of last callbration) AVE COL. DVES NO DV. (c) PRIMARY FLOW MEASURING DEVICE PROPERLY OPERATED AND MAINTAINED. DVES NO DV. (d) SECONDARY INSTRUMENTS (Ioolitists, records, etc.) PROPERLY OPERATED AND MAINTAINED. DVES NO DV. (d) FLOW MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT ADEQUATE TO HANDLE EXPECTED RANGES OF FLOW RATES. DVES NO DV. (d) PRIMARY FLOW MEASURING DEVICE PROPERLY OPERATED AND MAINTAINED. DVES NO DV. (d) PARSHAMETER SAMPLING MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF THE PERMIT. DVES NO DV. (d) PARSHAMETERS AND SAMPLING PREQUENCY AGREE WITH PERMIT. DVES NO DV. (d) PARSHAMETERS AND SAMPLING PREQUENCY AGREE WITH PERMIT. DVES NO DV. (d) SAMPLE COLLECTION PROCEDURES ARE ADEQUATE. DATE OF THE PERMIT. DVES NO DV. (d) SAMPLE COLLECTION PROCEDURES ARE ADEQUATE. DATE OF THE PERMIT DVES NO DV. (d) SAMPLE REFRIGERATED DURING COMPOSITING DVES NO DV. (d) SAMPLE REFRIGERATED DURING COMPOSITING DVES NO DV. (d) SAMPLE REFRIGERATED DURING COMPOSITING DVES NO DV. (d) SAMPLE DURING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 DVES NO DV. (d) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.4 DVES NO DV. (d) PROPORTIONED SAMPLES OBTAINED WHERE REQUIRED BY PERMIT DVES NO DV. PERMITTEE LABORATORY PROCEDURES MEET THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF THE PERMIT. DVES NO DV. (d) FLOW PROPODED THAN THOSE REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT ARE ANALYZED. DVES NO DV. (e) PARAMETERS OTHER THAN THOSE REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT ARE ANALYZED. VES NO DV. (d) SATISFACTORY CALIBRATION AND MAINTAINENDANCE OF INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT. VES NO DV. (d) SATIS												
DETAILS: QUITACEANC DETECTOR (a) PRIMARY MEASURING DEVICE PROPERLY INSTALLED. TYPE OF DEVICE, CIT (AWEIR DEARSHALL FLUME MAGMETER DENTURI METER DETHER (Specif, &3 INCELLE). (b) CALIBRATION FREQUENCY ADEQUATE, (Date of last calibration) (YR COL)		۸.	_	_								
TYPE OF DEVICE AN OWER PARSHALL PLUME MAGMETER VENTURI METER OTHER ISPECIF, 33 INFELLER. TYPE OF DEVICE AN OWER PARSHALL PLUME MAGMETER VENTURI METER OTHER ISPECIF, 33 INFELLER. TYPE OF DEVICE AN OWER PARSHALL PLUME MAGMETER VENTURI METER OTHER ISPECIF, 33 INFELLER. TO CALL BRATION FREQUENCY ADEQUATE. (Date of last calibration AVX COL) X ves NO NO NO NO NO NO NO N		YES	□ NO	□ N/A								
TYPE OF DEVICE. A WEIR PARSHALL FLUME MAGMETER OTHER (Specific & SIMPELLEX D) CALIBRATION FREQUENCY ADEQUATE. (Date of last calibration) (MR & CL) 3/N COL MYES NO NO NO PARSHALL FLUME SAURING DEVICE PROPERLY OPERATED AND MAINTAINED. MYES NO NO NO NO NO NO NO N	(a) PRIMARY MEASURING DEVICE PROPERLY INSTALLED.	VES YES		□N/A								
DICALIBRATION FREQUENCY ADEQUATE. Date of last calibration. MR. CO. MY YES NO N.	TYPE OF DEVICE TO AWEIR PARSHALL FLUME MAGMETER DENTURI METER	OTHER /S	pecify 003 IMF	ELLEK ,								
C) PRIMARY FLOW MEASURING DEVICE PROPERLY OPERATED AND MAINTAINED. (a) SECONDARY INSTRUMENTS (IOIDIZOT, RECOVER, REC.) PROPERLY OPERATED AND MAINTAINED. (b) FLOW MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT ADEQUATE TO HANDLE EXPECTED RANGES OF FLOW RATES. (c) PROPER PRESENTATIVE SAMPLES. (d) LOCATIONS ADEQUATE FOR REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES. (e) LOCATIONS ADEQUATE FOR REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES. (e) LOCATIONS ADEQUATE FOR REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES. (ii) LOCATIONS ADEQUATE FOR REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES. (iv) PRAMMETERS AND SAMPLING FREQUENCY AGREE WITH PERMIT. (iv) PRAMMETERS AND SAMPLING FREQUENCY AGREE WITH PERMIT. (iv) PRAMMETERS AND SAMPLING FREQUENCY AGREE WITH PERMIT. (iv) PRAMMETERS AND SAMPLE COLLECTION REQUIRED BY PERMIT. (iv) SAMPLE COLLECTION PROCEDURES ARE ADEQUATE. (iv) SAMPLE COLLECTION PROCEDURES ARE ADEQUATE. (iv) SAMPLE COLLECTION PROCEDURES ARE ADEQUATE. (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 pt) YES NO NO (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 pt) YES NO NO (iv) MONITORING AND ANALYSES BEING PERFORMED MORE FREQUENTLY THAN REQUIRED BY PERMIT. (iv) SESSULTS ARE REPORTED IN PERMITTEE'S SELF-MONITORING REPORT. (iv) SESSULTS ARE REPORTED IN PERMITTEE'S SELF-MONITORING REPORT. (iv) SESSULTS ARE REPORTED IN PERMITTEE'S SELF-MONITORING REPORT. (iv) PERMITTEE LABORATORY PROCEDURES MEED THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF THE PERMIT. (iv) SEA APPROVED ANALYTICAL TESTING PROCEDURES USED. (40 CFR 136.3) (iv) PERMITTEE LABORATORY PROCEDURES MEED THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF THE PERMIT. (iv) SEA APPROVED ANALYTICAL TESTING PROCEDURES USED. (40 CFR 136.3) (iv) PERMITTEE LABORATORY PROCEDURES MEED THE REQUIREMENTS AND EQUIPMENT. (iv) SEA APPROVED ANALYTICAL TESTING PROCEDURES USED. PROPER APPROVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED. YES NO				□ N/A								
FLOW MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT ADEQUATE TO HANDLE EXPECTED RANGES OF FLOW RATES. YES NO N/ Part 2 - Sampling (Further explanation attached) PERMITTEE SAMPLING MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF THE PERMIT. YES NO N/ DETAILS: YES NO N/ DETAILS: YES NO N/ YES NO N/ YES NO N/ YES NO N/ YES NO N/ YES NO N/ YES NO N/ YES NO N/ YES NO N/	c) PRIMARY FLOW MEASURING DEVICE PROPERLY OPERATED AND MAINTAINED.	X YES	□ NO	□ N/A								
PERMITTEE SAMPLING MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF THE PERMIT. DETAILS:	d)SECONDARY INSTRUMENTS (totalizers, recorders, etc.) PROPERLY OPERATED AND MAINTAINED.	Z YES	□ NO									
PERMITTEE SAMPLING MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF THE PERMIT. DETAILS:	e) FLOW MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT ADEQUATE TO HANDLE EXPECTED RANGES OF FLOW RATES.	X YES	<u>□ NO</u>	□ N/A								
DETAILS: (a) LOCATIONS ADEQUATE FOR REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES. (b) PARAMETERS AND SAMPLING FREQUENCY AGREE WITH PERMIT. (c) PARAMETERS AND SAMPLING FREQUENCY AGREE WITH PERMIT. (c) PERMITTEE IS USING METHOD OF SAMPLE COLLECTION REQUIRED BY PERMIT. (d) SAMPLES COLLECTION PROCEDURES ARE ADEQUATE. (d) SAMPLE COLLECTION PROCEDURES ARE ADEQUATE. (ii) SAMPLES REFRIGERATED DURING COMPOSITING (iii) PROPER PRESERVATION TECHNIQUES USED (iii) PROPER PRESERVATION TECHNIQUES USED (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) PERMIT. (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE BOULTS ARE REPORTED IN PERMITTEE'S SELF-MONITORING REPORT. (ii) EPA APPROVED ANALYSES BEING PROCEDURES WEET THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF THE PERMIT. (iv) SAMPLE LABORATORY PROCEDURES ARE USED, PROPER APPROVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED. (iv) PERMITTEE LABORATORY USED. (iv) PARAMETERS OTHER THAN THOSE REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT ARE ANALYZED. (iv) PARAMETERS OTHER THAN THOSE REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT ARE ANALYZED. (iv) PARAMETERS OTHER THAN THOSE REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT ARE ANALYZED. (iv) PARAMETERS OTHER THAN THOSE REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT ARE ANALYZED. (iv) PORTOR THE PER	Rart 2 - Sampling (Further explanation attached)											
DETAILS: (a) LOCATIONS ADEQUATE FOR REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES. (b) PARAMETERS AND SAMPLING FREQUENCY AGREE WITH PERMIT. (c) PERMITTEE IS USING METHOD OF SAMPLE COLLECTION REQUIRED BY PERMIT. (d) PERMITTEE IS USING METHOD OF SAMPLE COLLECTION REQUIRED BY PERMIT. (e) PERMITTEE IS USING METHOD OF SAMPLE COLLECTION REQUIRED BY PERMIT. (d) SAMPLE COLLECTION PROCEDURES ARE ADEQUATE. (d) SAMPLES REFRIGERATED DURING COMPOSITING (e) PROPER PRESERVATION TECHNIQUES USED (ii) PROPER PRESERVATION TECHNIQUES USED (iii) PROPER PRESERVATION TECHNIQUES USED (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH (iv) SAMPLE BOULTS ARE REPORTED IN PERMITTEE'S SELF-MONITORING REPORT. (iv) SAMPLE BOULTS ARE REPORTED IN PERMITTEE'S SELF-MONITORING REPORT. (iv) SAMPLE BOULTS ARE REPORTED IN PERMITTEE'S SELF-MONITORING REPORT. (iv) SEPARATE ANALYTICAL TESTING PROCEDURES WEED. (iv) SAMPLE BOULTS AND ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE OF INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT. (iv) SAMPLE BOULTS AND ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE OF INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT. (iv) SAMPLE BOULTS AND ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE OF INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT. (iv) SAMPLE BOULTS AND ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE OF INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT. (iv) SAMPLE BOULTS AN	PERMITTEE SAMPLING MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF THE PERMIT.	₩ YES	□ NO	□ N/A								
CO PARAMETERS AND SAMPLING FREQUENCY AGREE WITH PERMIT. YES		/	•	j								
CO PARAMETERS AND SAMPLING FREQUENCY AGREE WITH PERMIT. YES												
(c) PERMITTEE IS USING METHOD OF SAMPLE COLLECTION REQUIRED BY PERMIT. IF NO												
IF NO	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	/ 										
Id) SAMPLES COLLECTION PROCEDURES ARE ADEQUATE. YES NO NY		TA AER	□ NO	U N/A								
(ii) PROPER PRESERVATION TECHNIQUES USED (iii) FLOW PROPORTIONED SAMPLES OBTAINED WHERE REQUIRED BY PERMIT (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 pt) (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 pt) (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 pt) (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 pt) (iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 pt) (iv) SERMITTE (LABORATORY PROCEDURES MEET THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF THE PERMIT. (iv) PROPER PRESERVATION TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 pt) (iv) PROPER PRESERVATION TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 pt) (iv) PERMITTEE LABORATORY PROCEDURES ARE USED. (40 CFR 136.3) pt) (iv) PROPER PRESERVATION AND MAINTENANCE OF INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT. (iv) PARAMETERS OTHER THAN THOSE REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT ARE ANALYZED. pts (iv) PARAMETERS OTHER THAN THOSE REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT ARE ANALYZED. pts (iv) QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES USED. TS COMPANY ALAINST STANDARD) (iv) QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES USED. TS COMPANY ALAINST STANDARD) (iv) DUPLICATE SAMPLES ARE ANALYZED. pto TIME. pts (iv) SPIKED SAMPLES ARE USED. pts (iv) COMMERCIAL LABORATORY USED. (I) FT TEST CNUV (iv) COMMERCIAL LABORATORY USED. (I) FT TEST CNUV		X YES	□ NO	□ N/A								
(iii) FLOW PROPORTIONED SAMPLES OBTAINED WHERE REQUIRED BY PERMIT	(i) SAMPLES REFRIGERATED DURING COMPOSITING	Z YES	□ NO	□N/A								
(iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 CH) YES (NO N/ (e) MONITORING AND ANALYSES BEING PERFORMED MORE FREQUENTLY THAN REQUIRED BY PERMIT.	(ii) PROPER PRESERVATION TECHNIQUES USED	X YES		□ N/A								
MONITORING AND ANALYSES BEING PERFORMED MORE FREQUENTLY THAN REQUIRED BY PERMIT.		YES		□ N.A								
PERMIT. (1) IF (e) IS YES, RESULTS ARE REPORTED IN PERMITTEE'S SELF-MONITORING REPORT. Part 3 — Laboratory (Further explanation attached	(iv) SAMPLE HOLDING TIMES PRIOR TO ANALYSES IN CONFORMANCE WITH 40 CFR 136.3 PH)	☐ YES	<u> X</u> NO	□ N/A								
Part 3 — Laboratory (Further explanation attached) PERMITTEE LABORATORY PROCEDURES MEET THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF THE PERMIT.		M vec										
Part 3 - Laboratory (Further explanation attached) PERMITTEE LABORATORY PROCEDURES MEET THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF THE PERMIT.												
PERMITTEE LABORATORY PROCEDURES MEET THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF THE PERMIT. YES NO NO DETAILS WATER PRAMETERS ARE ALLYSING (C VIBURNUM FACILITY OMER THAN PH & TSS NO NO NO NO NO NO NO		<u> </u>										
DETAILS WATER PRAMETERS ARE ALLISED (© VIBURIUM FACILITY OMER THAN PH 4-TSS (a) EPA APPROVED ANALYTICAL TESTING PROCEDURES USED. (40 CFR 136.3) (b) IF ALTERNATE ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES ARE USED, PROPER APPROVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED. (c) PARAMETERS OTHER THAN THOSE REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT ARE ANALYZED. (d) SATISFACTORY CALIBRATION AND MAINTENANCE OF INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT. (e) QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES USED. TSS COMPARED ALAINST STANDARD) (f) DUPLICATE SAMPLES ARE ANALYZED. (g) SPIKED SAMPLES ARE USED. (h) COMMERCIAL LABORATORY USED. (II) COMMERCIAL LABORATORY USED. (III) COMMERCIAL USED. (I	·	_		_								
(a) EPA APPROVED ANALYTICAL TESTING PROCEDURES USED. (40 CFR 136.3) (b) IF ALTERNATE ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES ARE USED, PROPER APPROVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED. (c) PARAMETERS OTHER THAN THOSE REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT ARE ANALYZED. (d) SATISFACTORY CALIBRATION AND MAINTENANCE OF INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT. (e) QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES USED. TCS COMPARED AGAINST STANDARD) (f) DUPLICATE SAMPLES ARE ANALYZED. (g) SPIKED SAMPLES ARE USED. (h) COMMERCIAL LABORATORY USED. (ii) COMMERCIAL LABORATORY USED. (iii) COMMERCIAL LABORATORY USED. (iii) COMMERCIAL LABORATORY USED. (iii) COMMERCIAL LABORATORY USED. (iv) TEST CNUY (iv) YES ON				ON/A								
(b) IF ALTERNATE ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES ARE USED, PROPER APPROVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED. YES NO ONE (c) PARAMETERS OTHER THAN THOSE REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT ARE ANALYZED. YES NO ONE (d) SATISFACTORY CALIBRATION AND MAINTENANCE OF INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT. YES NO ONE (e) QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES USED. TSS COMPRED AGAINST STANDARDS YES NO ONE (f) DUPLICATE SAMPLES ARE ANALYZED. SOF TIME. YES NO ONE (g) SPIKED SAMPLES ARE USED. SOF TIME. YES NO ONE (h) COMMERCIAL LABORATORY USED. (L) ET TEST CNCY												
(c) PARAMETERS OTHER THAN THOSE REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT ARE ANALYZED. (d) SATISFACTORY CALIBRATION AND MAINTENANCE OF INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT. (e) QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES USED. TSS COMPARED AGAINST STANDARDS (f) DUPLICATE SAMPLES ARE ANALYZED			<u>_</u>	□ N/A								
(d) SATISFACTORY CALIBRATION AND MAINTENANCE OF INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT. (e) QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES USED. TSS COMPARED AGAINST STANDARDS (f) DUPLICATE SAMPLES ARE ANALYZED		☐ YES		AN.A								
(4) QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES USED. TSS COMPARED ALAINST STANDARD) (1) DUPLICATE SAMPLES ARE ANALYZED	(c) PARAMETERS OTHER THAN THOSE REQUIRED BY THE PERMIT ARE ANALYZED.			['] □N'A								
(1) DUPLICATE SAMPLES ARE ANALYZED % OF TIME.		YES										
(9) SPIKED SAMPLES ARE USED				□ N. A								
(H) COMMERCIAL LABORATORY USED. (LET TEST ONLY				□ N/A								
U YES UNO												
	UNMERCIAL LABORATORY STATE CERTIFIED.	YES ب	∪ NO	/^^ ^								
LAB ADDRESS LEXINGTON KENTHIKY		•		/ }								

Form Approved OMB No. 158 - R0073

						PERMIT NO MO 00	6\$\$281
OUTFALL NO.	OIL SHEEN	ter Observations (Fi	TURBIDITY	VISIBLE FOAM	VISIBLE FLOAT SOL	COLOR	OTHER
001	No	No	No	No	No	CLEAR	
002	NO D	ISCHARI	E -				
003	10	Νù	NO	NO	No	CLEAR	
			• 4				
		(Sections M and	N: Complete as an	propriate for sample	ing inspections)		
		rocedures and Obse	•	xplanation attache			
Сомрост	PLES OBTAINED E OBTAINED PORTIONED SAM		FU	ow For	2/22/90	OUTFA	u ∞1
<i>(</i> -	IC SAMPLER USE PLIT WITH PERMI				438,6	20 GAL/	DAY
T CAMBLE O	CUSTODY EMPLI	EACH ITY CALLS.	DELUGE				
COMPOSITING F	REQUENCY E	JERY 1/2 Hay	R - 724	HL PRES	SERVATION ME	ATAU - HNOZ	AMMONIA HOS
		G COMPOSITING: OLUME AND NAT	<i>(</i> \	ے سیوں	·		
SECTION N - And	alytical Results (A)	tach report if neces	sarv)				
							,
							•
							•
	•					•	

ATTACHMENT 3

Acute Toxicity Test

on

Doe Run Smelter

Herculaneum, Missouri

NPDES Permit Number: MO-0000281

Activity WLR46 Sample 102

22 February to 23 February 1999

performed by

Region VII Bioassay Laboratory

Michael W. Tucker Paul L. Andrews

APPROVED:

Team Leader, Bioassay Laboratory

_____ Date <u>8 March</u> 1999

PA- 3/11/99

ABSTRACT

Acute toxicity was observed for the Doe Run Smelter effluent collected 22 February to 23 February 1999 (activity WLR46, sample 102). Forty-eight hour static acute toxicity tests using the invertebrate Ceriodaphnia dubia, and the fathead minnow, <u>Pimephales promelas</u>, were performed at the U.S. EPA Region VII Bioassay Laboratory in Kansas City. Each species was exposed to 100% effluent and four lower percentage effluent concentrations containing 50.0, 25.0, 12.5, and 6.25% effluent volumes. All thirty P. promelas exposed to the 100% effluent, fifteen out of thirty in the 50.0%, and eight out of thirty in the 25.0% effluent (all statistically significant) died by the end of the 48-hour test. There were no significant mortalities observed in the two lowest percentage effluent test concentrations. Significant mortality was also observed for C. dubia, as eight out of the twenty in the 100% effluent were dead after 48 hours of exposure. No mortality was observed in any of the four lower percentage effluent test concentrations or the controls. hour LC50 value for P. promelas exposed to the Doe Run Smelter effluent was calculated to occur at 39.7% effluent. The 48-hour LC50 for C. dubia was not able to be calculated, as less than 50% mortality was observed.

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

The purpose of this test was to determine the acute toxicity of effluent from the Doe Run Smelter, located in Herculaneum, Missouri (activity WLR46, sample 102). Test organisms used were the freshwater invertebrate, <u>Ceriodaphnia dubia</u>, and the fathead minnow, <u>Pimephales promelas</u>. Definitive acute toxicity tests were conducted from 22 February to 23 February 1999 in the Region VII Bioassay Laboratory, Kansas City, Kansas.

II. TEST ORGANISMS

- A. <u>C. dubia</u> The genetic stock of <u>C. dubia</u> used in this acute toxicity test were originally obtained from the U.S. EPA, Cincinnati, Ohio. <u>C. dubia</u> are cultured in the Region VII Laboratory. For information on cultivation of <u>C. dubia</u> refer to Region VII Bioassay Laboratory SOP (Standard Operating Procedure) "Culturing <u>Ceriodaphnia dubia</u>."
- B. <u>P. promelas</u> The fathead minnows used in this acute toxicity test were received as larvae from the U.S. EPA, Cincinnati, Ohio. Fish are maintained in the Region VII Bioassay Laboratory until used for acute toxicity tests between the ages of 1 and 14 days. Prior to test initiation, fish were acclimated to the laboratory reconstituted hard water for several hours. For further information on care of <u>P. promelas</u> refer to Region VII Bioassay Laboratory SOP "Hatching and Care of Fathead Minnows (<u>Pimephales</u> promelas)."

III. MATERIALS & METHODS

- A. Procedures used in the acute toxicity tests are described in U.S. EPA Region VII Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs): "Static Acute Toxicity Test: Ceriodaphnia dubia" and "Static Acute Toxicity Test: Pimephales promelas (Fathead Minnow)." These adhere to the guidelines in Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms (U.S. EPA, 1993).
- B. The effluent tested was collected by Bruce Littell of the U.S. EPA Region VII Environmental Monitoring and Water Compliance Branch. A 24-hour composite sample of effluent was collected 22 February to 23 February 1999 and was received in the Region VII Bioassay Laboratory on 24 February 1999. The toxicity test was initiated on the day of sample receipt.
- C. Testing was performed using concentrations of 100, 50.0, 25.0, 12.5, and 6.25% effluent. Controls, consisting of 100% dilution water, were also used. The dilution water was reconstituted hard water (hardness = 220 mg/L CaCO₃) prepared by Region VII personnel.

- D. <u>C. dubia</u> Acute Methods This static toxicity test was conducted using 30 ml polystyrene cups as test chambers. Each chamber was given 20 ml of test solution which was not renewed during the 48-hour test period. There were four chambers for each effluent concentration and four with control water. At the start of the test, food was added to each chamber equivalent to the daily amount given during culture maintenance. Five <u>C. dubia</u> neonates, \leq 24 hours old, were randomly selected and added to each test chamber. A total of 20 organisms per concentration were tested. Observations for mortality were made after 24 and 48 hours of exposure.
- E. <u>P. promelas</u> Acute Methods This static toxicity test was conducted using 500 ml polypropylene cups as test chambers. For each effluent concentration and control water, 400 ml aliquots were dispensed into each of three test chambers. Test solutions were not renewed during the 48-hour test period. Ten <u>P. promelas</u>, 5-days old, were randomly selected and placed in each test chamber. A total of 30 organisms per concentration were tested. Fish were not fed during the test. Observations for mortality were made after 24 and 48 hours of exposure.
- F. Water Quality Methods Prior to test initiation, temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen (DO), conductivity, alkalinity, hardness, and total residual chlorine were measured for the sample effluent that was received in the Bioassay Laboratory. These parameters were also measured for the control water. At 24 hours, temperature and DO were measured in fish chambers for each test concentration to verify that DO levels remained above 4.0 mg/L. At test termination, temperature, dissolved oxygen, pH, and conductivity were measured on controls and each test concentration for both species.
- G. Data Analysis Statistically significant (p \leq 0.05) death was assessed by either Dunnett's Procedure (P. promelas) or Steel's Many-One Rank Test (C. dubia), using average percent survival of each test concentration versus the average survival for controls. When \geq 50% mortality occurs, effluent test concentrations and corresponding percent mortality data are used to estimate the 24-hour and 48-hour median lethal effect concentrations (LC50) and 95% confidence intervals where appropriate by the Trimmed Spearman-Karber method.

IV. <u>RESULTS</u>

A. <u>C. dubia</u> Mortality Results - Effluent collected at the Doe Run Smelter exhibited acute toxicity to the freshwater invertebrate, <u>C. dubia</u>. Statistically significant mortality was observed, as eight out of the twenty <u>C. dubia</u> exposed to the 100% effluent died by the end of the 48-hour test. There were no mortalities in any of the four lower percentage effluent test concentrations or the controls (Table 1). The 48-hour LC50 for <u>C. dubia</u> was not able to be calculated, as less than 50% mortality was observed in the 100% effluent.

Table 1. <u>C. dubia</u> Cumulative Mortality Results.

Effluent Concentration (%)	Organisms Exposed	24-Hour Mortality	48-Hour Mortality	48-Hour Mortality (%)
* 100	20	4	*8	*40
50.0	20	0	0	0
25.0	20	0	0	0
12.5	20	0	0 .	0
6.25	20	0	0	0
Control	20	0	0	0

^{* =} The average percent survival was significantly less than control organism survival (p < 0.05, Steel's Test).

B. P. promelas Mortality Results - Effluent collected at the Doe Run Smelter exhibited acute toxicity to the fathead minnow, P. promelas. Thirty out of the thirty 5-day-old P. promelas exposed to the 100% effluent died prior to test termination. Statistically significant mortality was also observed in test concentrations containing 50.0% effluent (15 out of 30 died) and 25.0% effluent (8 out of 30 died.) Significant mortality was not observed in the 12.5% effluent, and no mortality was observed in the 6.25% effluent and in the controls. The 48-hour LC50 was calculated to occur at 39.7% effluent, with 95% confidence limits of 33.1% and 47.5% effluent. The 24-hour LC50 was calculated to occur at 43.5% effluent with 95% confidence limits of 36.6 to 51.8% effluent.

Table 2. P. promelas (Fathead Minnow) Cumulative Mortality.

Effluent Concentration (%)		Organisms Exposed	24-Hour Mortality	48-Hour Mortality	48-Hour Mortality (%)
*	100	30	*30	*30	*100
*	50.0	30	*13	*15	* 50.0
*	25.0	30	* 6	* 8	* 26.6
	12.5	30	2	2	6.7
	6.25	. 30	0	0	0
	Control	30	0	0	0

^{* =} The average percent survival was significantly less than control organism survival ($p \le 0.05$, Dunnett's Test).

C. Water Chemistry Results - These are presented in Tables 3, 4, and 5 and are summarized as follows:

Total residual chlorine (Cl_2): The effluent had no detectable level of total residual chlorine (< 0.02 mg/L as Cl) upon receipt in the Bioassay Laboratory.

Dissolved oxygen (DO): Dissolved oxygen was 7.6 mg/L in the 100% effluent after raising the sample to the desired test initiation temperature of 25 ± 1 degree Celsius. Do measurements taken at 24 hours did not decline lower than 7.5 mg/L in P. promelas test chambers. All fish chambers had DO levels \geq 7.6 mg/L when measured at 48 hours. In C. dubia test chambers, DO was measured at 8.2 to 8.4 mg/L at test termination.

pH: The pH of the 100% effluent was 9.43 upon receipt in the laboratory at 6.2 degrees Celsius. At test initiation the 100% effluent pH was 9.11 at 24.6 degrees Celsius. Dilution water used was at a pH of 8.47. At test termination, pH measurements in test chambers ranged from 8.06 to 8.52 for P. promelas and from 7.86 to 8.58 for C. dubia.

Alkalinity and hardness: The effluent sample had an alkalinity of 86 mg/L and hardness of >1000 mg/L (as $CaCO_3$). The laboratory dilution water had an alkalinity of 148 mg/L and hardness of 220 mg/L.

Conductivity: The conductivity of the 100% effluent was higher (2.90 mMhos/cm) than that of the control water (0.649 mMhos/cm). The conductivity of the test concentrations decreased with increasing dilution.

Temperature: The test chamber temperatures observed at 24 and 48 hours ranged from 24.3 to 25.8 degrees Celsius for P. promelas and from 24.9 to 25.5 degrees Celsius for C. dubia.

Table 3. Water chemistry measured at test initiation. The 100% and four lower percentage effluent concentrations were prepared from Doe Run Smelter effluent. The dilution and control water consisted of reconstituted hard water.

Effluent	Cl ₂	Dissolved Oxygen	рH	Conduct-	Alka- linity	Hardness
(%)	(mq/L)	(mq/L)		(mMhos/cm)	(mq/L)	(mq/L)
100	ND	7.6	9.11	2.90	86	>1000
50.0	NA	7.8	8.73	1.940	NA	NA
25.0	NA	8.1	8.57	1.327	NA	NA
12.5	NA ·	8.1	8.50	1.029	NA	NA
6.25	NA	8.1	8.48	0.816	NA	NA
Control	ND	8.3	8.47	0.649	148	220

ND = nondetectable (detection limits = 0.02 mg/L as Cl)

NA = not analyzed

Table 4. C. dubia 48-Hour Water Quality Measurements.

Effluent Concentration	Temperature	Dissolved Oxygen	рH	Conductivity
(೪)	(C)	(mg/L)		(mMhos/cm)
100	25.1	8.2	7.86	3.12
50.0	25.5	8.2	8.14	2.08
25.0	25.2	8.2	8.35	1.421
12.5	25.0	8.4	8.43	1.114
6.25	25.0	8.4	8.50	0.896
Control	24.9	8.2	8.58_	0.732

Table 5. P. promelas 48-Hour Water Quality Measurements.

Co	Effluent ncentration (%)	Temperature (C)	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	рН	Conductivity (mMhos/cm)
	100	25.2	7.7	8.47	2.95
	50.0	25.0	8.0	8.06	1.99
	25.0	25.5	7.6	8.13	1.364
	12.5	25.7	8.1	8.30	1.057
	6.25	25.5	8.2	8.46	0.859
	Control	25.8	8.4	8.52	0.677

a = measured at 24 hours due to complete mortality.

V. **OUALITY ASSURANCE**

The absence of control mortality during this test indicated the health of the test organisms and also showed that any significant mortality in test concentrations was not due to contaminants or variations in test conditions.

Reference acute toxicity tests are routinely performed by the Region VII Bioassay Laboratory.

VI. <u>REFERENCES</u>

Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms, 4th Edition, Weber, C.I., 1993. U.S. EPA/600/4-90/027F, 293pp.

Standard Operating Procedure for Static Acute Toxicity Test: Pimephales promelas (Fathead Minnow), U.S. EPA Region VII.

Standard Operating Procedure for Static Acute Toxicity Test: Ceriodaphnia dubia, U.S. EPA Region VII.

Standard Operating Procedure for Hatching and Care of Fathead Minnows (<u>Pimephales promelas</u>), U.S. EPA Region VII.

Standard Operating Procedure for Culturing <u>Ceriodaphnia</u> <u>dubia</u>, U.S. EPA Region VII.

STATE OF MISSOURI

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92nd Congress) as amended,

Permit No.

MO-0000281

Owner:

The Doe Run Company

Owner's Address: 1801 Park 270 Drive, Suite 200, St. Louis, Missouri 63146

Operating Authority:

Doe Run Company Smelting Division

Operating Authority's Address: 881 Main St., Herculaneum, MO 63048

Facility Name:

Doe Run - Herculaneum Smelter

Facility Address: 881 Main Street, Herculaneum, Missouri 63048

Legal Description: NE %, SE %, U.S. Survey 3028, T41N, R6E, Jefferson County

Receiving Stream & Basin:

Mississippi River (Basin 48) (07140101-04-01) (P)

is authorized to discharge from the facility described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements as set forth herein:

FACILITY DESCRIPTION

See Page Two

This permit authorizes only wastewater discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 644.051.6 of the Law.

November 9, 1995

Effective Date

March 22, 2000

Director, Division of Environmental Quality

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY DIRECTOR OF STAFF, CLEAN WATER COMMISSION

Director of Staff, Clean Water Commission

Expiration Date MO 780-0041 (10-93)

FACILITY DESCRIPTION - Industry

SIC #3332

Outfall #001 - Industrial process wastewater and process stormwater is treated in a wastewater plant with a design capacity of 1,152,000 gallons per day. The treatment consists of the following unit processes:

- 1. Flocculation
- 2. Neutralization
- 3. Sedimentation
- 4. Sand/Anthracite Filtration
- 5. Clarification6. Sludge thickening/dewatering

Actual flow is 850 GPM.

Outfall #002 - Emergency stormwater overflow, no treatment. Design flow is 0.432 MGD. Actual flow is 300 GPM.

Outfall #003 - Acid plant non-contact cooling water, no treatment/Non-contact cooling water. Design flow is 2.33 MGD.

The sanitary waste from the toilets is treated in the Herculaneum POTW.

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

PAGE NUMBER 3 OF 8
PERMIT NUMBER MO-0000281

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective upon issuance and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited, and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

OUTFALL NUMBER	<u>-</u> -	LINAL I	EFFLUENT LIMIT	IATIONS	MONITORING REQ	UIREMEN 13
AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPL TYPE
utfall #001						
low	MGD	*		*	once/day 24	hr. tota
H - Units	នប	**		**	once/month	grab
otal Suspended Solids	lbs/d	ay 170.32	5	136.25	once/month	grab
rsenic, Total Recoverable	lbs/d	ay 12.861		5.216	once/month	grab
Cadmium, Total Recoverable	lbs/d	ay 1.964		0.785	once/month	grab
Cadmium, Total Recoverable	mg/L	0.720			once/month	grab
Copper, Total Recoverable	lbs/d	ay 11.839		4.750	once/month	grab
Copper, Total Recoverable	mg/L	0.580			once/month	grab
Lead, Total Recoverable	lbs/d	ay 2.749		1.127	once/month	grab
Lead, Total Recoverable	mg/L	1.900			once/month	grab
Zinc, Total Recoverable	lbs/d	ay 10.016	· 	3.307	once/month	grab
Zinc, Total	mg/L	4.900			once/month	grab
MONITORING REPORTS	SHALL BE	SUBMITTED MO	NTHLY, THE	FIRST REPORT	IS DUE December	28, 1995
Silver	mg/L	0.130			once/year in September	grab
Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) T	% Surviv	al (See S	pecial Cond	litions)	once/year	24 hr. composit
MONITORING REPORTS	SHALL BE	SUBMITTED AN	NUALLY, THE	FIRST REPOR	IS DUE October	28, 1996
		[

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>as outlined above</u>; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE <u>as outlined above</u> THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

•	CT	AND	ADD	COND	ITIONS
_	1	ANI		1.11011	

ı	IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STA	TED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUB.	JECT TO THE ATTACHEDPar	<u>t_I</u>
I	STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED	October 1,	19 _80 , AND HEREBY INCOR	PORATED AS THOUGH
I	FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.	•		

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (continued)

PAGE NUMBER 4 Of 8
PERMIT NUMBER MO-0000281

OUTFALL NUMBER			EFFLUENT LIMIT	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS			
AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPI TYPE	
Outfall #002							
Flow	MGD	*		*	once/weekday	***24 hr. total	
pH - Units	ยข	**		**	(Note 1)	grab	
Total Suspended Solids	lbs/d	ay (Note	<u>h</u>)		(Note 1)	grab	
Arsenic, Total Recoverable	lbs/d	ay (Note	<u>1</u>)		(Note 1)	grab	
Cadmium, Total Recoverable	lbs/d	ay (Note	ኔ ን		(Note 1)	grab	
Copper, Total Recoverable	lbs/d	ay (Note	<u>1</u>)		(Note 1)	grab	
Lead, Total Recoverable	lbs/d	ay (Note	ቷ)		(Note 1)	grab	
Zinc, Total Recoverable	lbs/d	ay (Note	1)		(Note 1)	grab	
Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) T	<pre>% Surviv est</pre>	al (See N	ote 2)		once/year	grab	
MONITORING REPORTS	SHALL BE	SUBMITTED AN	MUALLY, THE	FIRST REPORT	IS DUE Octobe	r 28, 1996	
Outfall #003							
Flow	MGD	*			once/weekday	r***24 hr. total	
Temperature	۰F	*			once/weekday	***grab	
рН	su	***			once/week	grab	
Arsenic, Total Recoverable	mg/L	*			once/month	grab	
Cadmium, Total Recoverable	mg/L	* .			once/month	grab	
Copper, Total Recoverable	, mg/L	*			once/month	grab	
Lead, Total Recoverable	mg/L	*			once/month	grab	
Zinc, Total Recoverable	mg/L	•			once/month	grab	
	SHALL BE	SUBMITTED MC	NTHLY, THE	IRST REPORT	IS DUE Decemb	er 28, 1995	
MONITORING REPORTS				 			
MONITORING REPORTS						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

						
A. EFFLUENT LIMITATI	PAGE NUMBER	5 of 8				
	PERMIT NUMBER	MO-0000281				
OUTFALL NUMBER		FINAL	EFFLUENT LIMITA	TIONS	MONITORING	REQUIREMENTS
AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
* Monitoring re	quirement	only.				
** pH is measure of 7.5-10.0 p		its and is n	ot to be ave	raged. The	pH is limited	to the range
*** Once each wee	kday means	: Monday, Tu	esday, Wedne	sday, Thursd	ay and Friday	•
**** pH is measure of 6.0-9.0 pH		its and is n	ot to be ave	raged. The	pH is limited	to the range
Note 1 - Once per the discharge from reported together. shall not exceed t occurs from Outfal	both Outf The comb he dischar	alls #001 an ined effluen ge mass limi	d #002 shall ts dischargi tations set	be sampled ng from both for Outfall	on the same d Outfalls #00 #001. If no	ay and
Note 2 - Once per sample shall be co 7. If no discharg from Outfall #002	llected an e occurs f	d a WET test rom Outfall	run in conf	ormance with	special cond	ition number
		-				
					•	
		:				
			l			
		1	}			
	L #					
	•	·				
 -						
				}		
				-		
	}	ļ		l		
				į		
	1		į			

SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE

By November 9, 1996, the Doe Run Company shall provide the Department of Natural Resources with the results of a water tightness pressure test of the emergency discharge pipe between the sump and the vertical terminus of the pipe. Also include a copy of standard operational procedures which are used when a sump pump failure occurs, showing expected response time to effect repairs. If the results show that the rate of water loss is within the design guidelines contained in 10 CSR 20-8.120(6)(H)2 for the size and length of this pipe, no further action is required. If the results show a rate of loss greater than allowed in this regulation, this permit may be modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to incorporate new or modified effluent monitoring, limitations or other conditions.

D. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1) Any sludge removed shall be processed through the smelting process, or the Missouri Department of Natural Resources shall be contacted for approval of the alternate disposal proposal.
- The permittee shall notify the Director as soon as they know or have reason to believe:
 - (A) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:
 - One hundred micrograms per liter (100 μ g/l);
 - 21 Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 μ g/l) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 μ g/l) for 2,4 dinitrophenol and for 2methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/l) for antimony;
 - Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application;
 - The level established in Part A of the permit by the Director.
 - (B) That they have begun or expect to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct any toxic pollutant which was not reported in the permit application.
- This permit may be modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2) (C) and (D), 304(b)(2) and 307(a)(2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
 - (A) Contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit: or
 - (B) Controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.

The permit as modified or reissued under this paragraph shall also contain any other requirements of the Act then applicable.

- This permit may be modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions, if the results of a wasteload allocation study, toxicity test, or other information indicates changes are necessary to assure compliance with Missouri's Water Quality Standards.
- 5) Discharges shall not cause violations of the general criteria as defined in the Water Quality Standards 10 CSR 20-7.031 (3) including but not limited to the following criteria:
 - (A) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause formation of putrescents, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (B) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to
 - be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses; (C) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses; and
 - (D) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to have a harmful effect on human, animal or aquatic life.
- A Quality assurance/Quality control (QA/QC) plan shall be maintained for samples 6) analyzed by the permittee, and QA/QC plans submitted for any other laboratories which will be used to fulfill monitoring requirements.

D. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

7. Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) tests will be conducted as follows:

	SUMMARY OF	WET TESTING FOR T	HIS PERMIT	
OUTFALL	A.E.C. %	FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE	MONTH
Outfalls 001-002	10%	Annually	24 hr. comp.	December

a. Test Schedule and Follow-Up Requirements

(1) Perform a single-dilution test in the months and at the frequency specified above.

If the test passes the effluent limit do not repeat test until the next test period. Submit results with the annual report.

If the test fails the effluent limit a multiple dilution test shall be performed within 30 days, and biweekly thereafter until one of the following conditions are met:

- (a) THREE CONSECUTIVE MULTIPLE-DILUTION TESTS PASS. No further tests need to be performed until next regularly scheduled test period.
- (b) A TOTAL OF THREE MULTIPLE-DILUTION TESTS FAIL.
- (2) The permittee shall submit a summary of all test results for the test series to the Planning Section of the WPCP, DNR, Box 176, Jefferson City, MO within 14 days of the third failed test. DNR will contact the permittee with initial guidance on conducting a toxicity identification evaluation (TIE) or toxicity reduction evaluation (TRE). The permittee shall submit a plan for conducting a TIE or TRE to the Planning Section of the WPCP within 60 days of the date of DNR's letter. This plan must be approved by DNR before the TIE or TRE is begun. A schedule for completing the TIE or TRE shall be established in the plan approval.
- (3) Upon DNR's approval, the TIE/TRE schedule may be modified if toxicity is intermittent during the TIE/TRE investigations. A revised WET test schedule may be established by DNR for this period.
- (4) If a previously completed TIE has clearly identified the cause of toxicity, additional TIEs will not be required as long as effluent characteristics remain essentially unchanged and the permittee is proceeding according to a DNR approved schedule to complete a TRE and reduce toxicity. Regularly scheduled WET testing as required in part b.(1) will be required during this period.
- (5) In addition to the WET test summary report required in part (5), all failing test results shall be reported to DNR within 14 days of the availability of results.
- (6) All WET test results for the reporting period shall be summarized and submitted to DNR by the end of the following October. When WET test sampling is required to run over one DMR period, each DMR report shall contain information generated during the reporting period.

b. PASS/FAIL procedure and effluent limitations

(1) To pass a single-dilution test, mortality observed in the AEC test concentration shall not be-significantly different (at the 95% confidence level; p = 0.05) than that observed in the upstream receiving-water control. The appropriate statistical tests of significance will be those outlined in the most current USEPA acute toxicity manual or those specified by the MDNR.

(continued)

D. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

- 7. Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Test (continued)
 - (2) To pass a multiple-dilution test:
 - (a) the computed percent effluent at the edge of the zone of initial dilution (AEC) must be less than three-tenths (0.3) of the LC_{50} concentration for the most sensitive of the test organisms, or,
 - (b) all dilutions equal to or greater than the AEC must be nontoxic. Failure of one multiple-dilution test is considered an effluent limit violation.

c. Test Conditions

- (1) Test species: Ceriodaphnia dubia and fathead minnows, Pimephales promelas. Organisms used in WET testing should come from cultures reared for the purpose of conducting toxicity tests and should be cultured in a manner consistent with the most current USEPA guidelines. All test animals should be cultured as described in EPA-600/4-90/027.
- (2) Test period: 48 hours at the "Acceptable Effluent Concentration" (AEC) specified above.
- When dilutions are required, upstream receiving stream water will be used as dilution water. If upstream water is unavailable or if mortality in the upstream water exceeds 10%, "reconstituted" water will be used. Procedures for generating reconstituted water will be supplied by the Department of Natural Resources (DNR).
- (4) Tests should be initiated immediately after the sample is collected, but tests must be initiated no later than 36 hours after collection.
- (5) Single-dilution tests will be run with:
 - (a) Effluent at the AEC concentration;
 - (b) 100% receiving-stream water (if available), collected upstream of the outfall at a point beyond any influence of the effluent; and
 - (c) reconstituted water.
- (6) Multiple-dilution tests will be run with:
 - (a) 100%, 50%, 25%, 12.5%, and 6.25% effluent, unless the AEC is less than 25% effluent, in which case dilutions will be 4 times the AEC, two times the AEC, AEC, 1/2 AEC and 1/4 AEC.
 - (b) 100% receiving-stream water (if available), collected upstream of the outfall at a point beyond any influence of the effluent; and
 - (c) reconstituted water.
- (7) If reconstituted-water control mortality for a test species exceeds 10%, the entire test will be rerun.

ANALYSIS REQUEST REPORT

VALIDATED DATA

FOR ACTIVITY: WLR46

LITTELL, BRUCE

04/16/99 11:19:40

ALL REAL SAMPLES AND FIELD Q.C.

* FINAL REPORT

FY: 99 ACTIVITY: WLR46

DESCRIPTION: DOE RUN-HERCULANEUM SMELTER

LOCATION: HERCULANEUM

MISSOURI

STATUS: ACTIVE

TYPE: SAMPLING - IN HOUSE ANALYSIS

PROJECT: W43

LABO DUE DATE IS 3/26/99.

REPORT DUE DATE IS 4/15/99.

INSPECTION DATE: 2/23/99 ALL SAMPLES RECEIVED DATE: 02/24/99

ALL DATA APPROVED BY LABO DATE: 03/10/99

FINAL REPORT TRANSMITTED DATE: 04/20/99

EXPECTED LABO TURNAROUND TIME IS 30 DAYS

EXPECTED REPORT TURNAROUND TIME IS 51 DAYS

ACTUAL LABO TURNAROUND TIME IS 14 DAYS

ACTUAL REPORT TURNAROUND TIME IS 56 DAYS

SITE CODE:

SITE:

SAMP No.	QC(СМ	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLI STATU	-	AIRS/ STORET LAY- BEG. LOC NO SECT ER DATE	BEG. EN Time da	ID. END. ATE TIME
001 101 102 301	F	U U U	FIELD BLANK DOE RUN-HERCULANEUM SMELT. OUTFALL DOE RUN-HERCULANEUM SMELT. OUTFALL DOE RUN-HERCULANEUM OUTFALL 003		HERCULANEUM HISSOURI HERCULANEUM HISSOURI HERCULANEUM HISSOURI HERCULANEUM MISSOURI	02/23/99 02/23/99 02/22/99 02/23/99	13:15 / 13:15 / 14:45 02/2 13:45 /	/ 23/99 13:06

```
ANALYTICAL RESULTS/HEASUREMENTS INFORMATION:
SAMPLE INFORMATION:
                                                                                                                                                                                                        COMPOUND = MGP (MEDIA-GROUP-PARAMETER) CODE AND NAME OF
SAMP. NO. = SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (A 3-DIGIT NUMBER
                                            WHICH IN COMBINATION WITH THE ACTIVITY NUMBER
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  THE MEASURED CONSTITUENT OR CHARACTERISTIC
                                            AND QCC, PROVIDES AN UNIQUE NUMBER FOR EACH SAMPLE FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  OF EACH SAMPLE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              UNITS = SPECIFIC UNITS IN WHICH RESULTS ARE REPORTED:
                                     = QUALITY CONTROL CODE (A ONE-LETTER CODE USED TO
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                = CENTIGRADE (CELSIUS) DEGREES
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              C = CENTIGNADE (CES = CUBIC FEET PER SECOND GPM = GALLONS PER MINUTE
QCC
                                            DESIGNATE SPECIFIC QC SAMPLES. THIS FIELD WILL BE
BLANK FOR ALL NON-QC OR ACTUAL SAMPLES):
                                            B = CAL INCREASED CONCENTRATION FOR A LAB SPIKED DUP SAMPLE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    = INCHES
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              IN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                I.D. = SPECIES IDENTIFICATION
                                           D = MEASURED VALUE FOR FIELD DUPLICATE SAMPLE
F = MEASURED VALUE FOR FIELD BLANK
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    = KILOGRAM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 KG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    = LITER
                                            G = MEASURED VALUE FOR METHOD STANDARD
                                           H = TRUE VALUE FOR METHOD STANDARD

K = CAL INCREASED CONCENTRATION FOR FIELD SPIKED DUP SAMPLE

L = MEASURED VALUE FOR A LAB DUPLICATE SAMPLE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               LB
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    = POUNDS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             MG = MILLIGRAMS (1 X TU-) GRA
MGD = MILLION GALLONS PER DAY
MPH = MILES PER HOUR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    = MILLIGRAMS (1 X 10-3 GRAMS)
                                         H = MEASURED VALUE FOR A LAB DUPLICATE SAMPLE

M = MEASURED VALUE FOR LAB BLANK

N = MEASURED CONCENTRATION OF FIELD SPIKED DUPLICATE

P = MEASURED CONCENTRATION OF FIELD SPIKED DUPLICATE

R = CAL INCREASED CONCENTRATION RESULTING FROM LAB SPIKE

S = MEASURED CONCENTRATION OF LAB SPIKED SAMPLE

T = TRUE VALUE OF PERFORMANCE STANDARD

W = MEASURED CONCENTRATION OF LAB SPIKED DUPLICATE

Y = MEASURED CONCENTRATION OF LAB SPIKED DUPLICATE

Y = MEASURED CONCENTRATION OF FIELD SPIKED SAMPLE

I = CAL INCREASED CONCENTRATION RESULTING FROM FIELD SPIKE

I = CAL INCREASED CONCENTRATION RESULTING FROM FIELD SPIKE

I = MEASURED VALUE OF FIRST SPIKED REPLICATE

I = MEASURED VALUE OF SECOND SPIKED REPLICATE

I = MEASURED VALUE OF SECOND SPIKED REPLICATE

I = MEASURED VALUE OF FOURTH SPIKED REPLICATE

I = MEASURED VALUE OF FOURTH SPIKED REPLICATE

I = MEASURED VALUE OF SIXTH SPIKED REPLICATE

I = MEASURED VALUE OF SEVENTH SPIKED REPLICATE

I = MEASURED VALUE OF
                                           M = MEASURED VALUE FOR LAB BLANK
N = MEASURED CONCENTRATION OF FIELD SPIKED DUPLICATE
P = MEASURED VALUE FOR PERFORMANCE STANDARD
                                      = MEDIA CODE (A ONE-LETTER CODE DESIGNATING THE MEDIA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                U/CM2 = MICROGRAMS PER SQUARE CENTIMETER
                                            OF THE SAMPLE):
                                           A = AIR  H = HAZARDOUS WASTE/OTHER
S = SOLID (SOIL, SEDIMENT, SLUDGE)
T = TISSUE (PLANT & ANIMAL)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 1000G = 1000 GALLONS
+/- = POSITIVE/NEGATIVE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     = NUMBER
                                            W = WATER (GROUND WATER, SURFACE WATER, WASTE WATER, DATA QUALIFIERS = SPECIFIC CODES USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH DRINKING WATER)

DATA VALUES TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ON THE REPORTED RESULTS, OR USED TO EXPLAIN THE ABSENCE OF A SPECIFIC VALUE:
DESCRIPTION = A SHORT DESCRIPTION OF THE LOCATION WHERE SAMPLE WAS
DESCRIPTION = A SHURI DESCRIPTION OF THE LOCATION IN LOCATION IN LOCATION IN LOCATION IN THE ABSENCE OF A SPECIFIC VALUE:

AIRS/STORET LOC. NO. = THE SPECIFIC LOCATION ID NUMBER OF EITHER OF BLANK = IF FIELD IS BLANK, NO REMARKS OR THESE NATIONAL DATABASE SYSTEMS, AS APPROPRIATE

DATE/TIME INFORMATION = SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING WHEN THE SAMPLE

UAS COLLECTED

THE ABSENCE OF A SPECIFIC VALUE:

BLANK = IF FIELD IS BLANK, NO REMARKS OR QUALIFIERS ARE PERTINENT. FOR FINAL REPORTED DATA, THIS MEANS THAT THE VALUES HAVE BEEN REVIEWED AND FOUND
                                                                         THE SPECIFIC LOCATION ID NUMBER OF EITHER UP
THESE NATIONAL DATABASE SYSTEMS, AS APPROPRIATE
SPECIFIC INFORMATION REGARDING WHEN THE SAMPLE
WAS COLLECTED

BEG. DATE = DATE SAMPLING WAS STARTED
END DATE = DATE SAMPLING WAS STARTED
END TIME = TIME SAMPLING WAS COMPLETED
END TIME = TIME SAMPLING WAS COMPLETED
NOTE: A GRAB SAMPLE WILL CONTAIN ONLY BEG.
DATE/TIME
A TIMED COMPOSITE SAMPLE WILL CONTAIN
BOTH BEG AND END DATE/TIME TO DESIGNATE
DURATION OF SAMPLE COLLECTION

DIATED

BLANK - IF FIELD IS DEATH, NO REMARN ON REPARKS ON QUALIFIERS ARE PERTINENT. FOR FINAL
REPORTED ATAL SAMPLE WE PERTINENT. FOR FINAL
REPORTED DATA, THIS MEANS THAT THE
VALUES HAVE BEEN REVIEWED AND FOUND
TO BE ACCEPTABLE FOR USE.

I = INVALID SAMPLE/DATA - VALUE NOT REPORTED
J = THE ASSOCIATED NUMERICAL VALUE OF SAMPLE IS < VALUE REPORTED
L = ACTUAL VALUE OF SAMPLE IS > VALUE REPORTED
VALUE FOR ACCURATE QUANTIFICATION
DETECTED. THE ASSOCIATED NUMERICAL VALUE

O = PARAMETER NOT ANALYZED
U = THE MATERIAL WAS ANALYZED FOR, BUT WAS NOT DETECTED. THE ASSOCIATED NUMERICAL VALUE
```

DETECTED. THE ASSOCIATED NUMERICAL VALUE

IS THE SAMPLE DETECTION LIMIT.

OTHER CODES

V = VALIDATED

ANALYSIS REQUEST DETAIL REPORT ACTIVITY: 9-WLR46

COMPOUND	UNITS	001	F	101		102	301		
WB27 TOXICITY, ACUTE, FISH	+/-				:	POS	:	:	:
WB29 TOXICITY, ACUTE, CERIODAPHNIA	+/-					POS	:	: :	
WFO1 TEMPERATURE, WATER	' C			32.3	v .		:		
WFO5 PH, FIELD	SU :			9.15	v :		7.02	v :	:
WG24 SOLIDS, TOTAL NON-FILTERABLE (NFS)	MG/L			15.0	v :			:	
WMO1 SILVER, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	7.24	UV	7.24	UV		7.24	UV:	:
WMO2 ALUMINUM, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	33.5	uv	88.7	v :		33.5	UV	
WHO3 ARSENIC, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	7.14	UV	7.14	UV		7.14	UV:	
WMO4 BARIUM, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	0.743	uv	113	v :		86.5	ν.	
WMO5 BERYLLIUM, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	0.420	uv	0.420	UV		0.420	UV	
WHO6 CADMIUM, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	0.592	UV	14.0	٧.		0.592	UV	
WMO7 COBALT, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	2.47	UV	2.67	UV		7.98	UV	
WHOS CHRONIUM, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	3.69	UV	3.69	UV		3.69	UV	
WHO9 COPPER, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	1.54	UV	2.80	UV		1.81	UV	
WH10 IRON, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	29.3	UV	33.3	v :		545	v :	:
WH11 MANGANESE, TOTAL, BY ICAP	:UG/L	1.45	uv:	3.20	v :		:966	: v:	:
WM12 MOLYBDENUM, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	5.89		23.7	v :		7.11	v :	:
WM13 NICKEL, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	6.23	UV	9.71	UV:		:6.23	uv:	:
WM14 LEAD, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	10.4	UV	22.9	v :		:41.3	v:	:
WM15 ANTIHONY, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	17.2	UV	17.2	uv:		:17.2	uv:	:
WM16 SELENIUM, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	40.3	uv	40.3	uv		:40.3	uv:	:
WM17 TITANIUM, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	4.18	uv	4.18	uv:		:4.18	UV:	:
WM18 THALLIUM, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	36.5	uv	1900	v .	*	60.3	v	:
WH19 VANADIUM, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	2.51	UV	2.51	UV		2.51	UV	:
WM20 ZINC, TOTAL, BY ICAP	UG/L	4.07	UV	38.6	UV		9.68	UV	:
WM21 CALCIUM, TOTAL, BY ICAP	MG/L	0.530	uv	531	v .		75.4	v :	:

COMPOUND	UNITS	001 F	101		102		301		
WM22 MAGNESIUM, TOTAL, BY ICAP	MG/L	0.500	UV:48.8	v	:		25.3	: v:	:
WH23 SODIUM, TOTAL, BY ICAP	MG/L	1.50	UV:130	V	:		53.3	v =	
WM24 POTASSIUM, TOTAL, BY ICAP	MG/L	0.510	UV:44.6	V	:		8.19	v :	:
WTO1 NITROGEN, AMMONIA, TOTAL (NH3+NH4)	MG/L	:	:		0.058	uv			
ZZO1 SAMPLE NUMBER	NA	001	v 101	v	102	v	301	v :	:
ZZO2 ACTIVITY CODE	NA	: WLR46	V:WLR46	v	WLR46	٧	WLR46	v :	:

ACTIVITY WLR46 DOE RUN-HERCULANEUM SMELTER

THE PROJECT LEADER SHOULD CIRCLE ONE - STORET, AIRS, OR ARCHIVE.

CIRCLE ONE:

STORET

AIRS

ARCHIVE

FINAL DATA REPORT APPROVED BY PROJECT LEADER ON 04/16/99 11:19:40 BY ___

ATTACHMENT 6 PALEICFZ REGION VII MULTIMEDIA SCREENING CHECKLIST Facility DOE RUN COMPANY SMELTINE DIVISION Facility Ownership THE DUE RUN COMPANUV Inspector Street SSI MAIN ST. Facility Contact JIM LANZAFAME Inspector Phone Ext. 50/9 _ County_TEFFERSON Phone(314)479-5311 SIC code 3339 CITY HERCULANFUM Primary Media NIPDES State MO Zip 63048 Number of Employees 450 Normal Work Hours/Shifts 24 HRS/day Date Z/Z Y 90 CF WHICH ARE CONTRACTORS 1. Are there any permits or registrations in the following areas? NPDES (discharge ☒, pretreatment □) 404-Wetlands □ UIC □ UST □ □ RCRA (X) TRI (X) CAA (X) Other □ Describe: HAUE A RIPE GENER ATOR # BUT ARE NOT A TSI) 2. What does the facility do? PRIMARY / EAD SMELTER 3. What major raw materials are used? <u>LEAN CONCENTRATE</u> (GALENA) SAMIN, HEMATITE, - Does facility use more than 200 gallons or 1,500 pounds per month of -- Acids . Bases . Ammonia . Chlorine . Chlorinated Solvents . Num Inorganic Chemicals A, Organic Chemicals . Explosives . Fuels A, Gases A. Solvent-Based Paints ., or Solvents ., Other ழாயு- Does facility store on-site more that 100 gallons or 1,000 pounds of -- Acids 🛕, Bases 🗖, Ammonia 🗒, Chlorine 🗖, Chlorinated Solvents 🗖, Inorganic Chemicals 🔼, Organic Chemicals 🗆, Explosives 🗅, Fuels 🔼, Gases 💆, Solvent-Based Paints 🗀, or Solvents 🗀, Other_ Provide brief process description: PRODUCTION OF PURE LEAD FROM FAN SULPHATE -> LEAD OXIDE (Check all that apply): Painting/Coating (Water-based □, Solvent-based □), Printing□, Reacting Ø, Formulating Ø, Distilling □ Parts Washers/Degreasing (Water-based 🗆, Halogenated-based 🗔, Non-halogenated-based 🖪, Combustion (boiler, furnaces, oxidizers) 🔀 Electroplating(Chrome □, Other_ Electroless plating(Type 5. Describe each waste generated by the facility: Is the waste hazardous? CAII. Waste Name Generation Process Quantity/Month : Final Disposition of Waste **How Long Stored** Don't know SAFETY KLEEN! SYLVENT RECYCLED 囟 MONTH X THE GRICK IN I THINE ? DURING **ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE (EJ)** 1. What type of area is the facility located in? Industrial ☐ Business ☐ Residential 🗷 Rural ☐ Does the area appear to be run down, poorly maintained, or have many abandoned and dilapidated properties? No 🔼 Yes 🗆 2. What is the estimated income level of the residents in the area that may be impacted by the facility? Low XI Moderate XI High 🗆 3. How close are the nearest normally occupied properties (houses, apartments, schools): <100 □ 100-1000 ♠ 1000 - 1 mile □ > 1 mile □ NATIONAL POLLUTION DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES), UNDERGROUND INJECTION CONTROL (UIC), PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY (PWS) 1. How are wastewaters handled? None Surface Water <u>Land</u> ZA TREATED Process wastewater → TFALL 023 Non-contact wastewater Sanitary wastewater → NOW CONFACT BEARING CODING WATER Comments: SURFACE WATER IS TREATED ON SITE - 2. Did you see any wastewater discharges not identified by the facility? No X Yes □ Location of discharge:_

3. What is the source of the facility's drinking water? Rural/Municipal A Private well

4. Is the facility's water source protected with a backflow prevention device? No □

Appearance of discharge:

River Other

(PHOTO □)

(AGE 2 0 F Z

WETLANDS (CWA - Section 404)
1. Did you see any streams, rivers, ponds, lakes, or temporarily wet areas being (or have been) disturbed by filling, dredging, channelizing, damming,
excavating, gravel removal, etc.? No P Yes Don't know Describe/locate:
(PHOTO □)
CLEAN AIR ACT (CAA)
1. Did you see any visible smoke or dust emissions? (non-steam) No 20 Yes □ Source: Time: (PHOTO □) 2. Did you see any dust leaving the property? No 20 Yes □ Source: Time: (PHOTO □)
3. In the past 2-3 years, has the facility modified or installed any new air emission points? No I Yes 対 Describe: ハッカルに A ハモ・・ ARE-
ATEN FOR ACID PLANT, DIRECT SMELTILL FURNIAGE. Was a permit obtained? No Yes Permit No
4. Are there stationary air conditioning or refrigeration units that contain? < 50 lbs refrigerant/unit ->50 lbs refrigera
Are these units: Self-serviced? ☐ Contract Serviced? ☐ → Service Company: SHEFT METAL CONTRACTORS
5. Are motor vehicle air conditioning systems: Self-serviced? ☐ Contract Serviced? ☒ → Service Company: Later Auro Ster None ☐ 3 Contract Vehicle
RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT (RCRA) AND UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS (UST)
—1. EPA Hazardous Waste Identification Number? No □ Yes → #MDD006266373 : Generator Size LARGE GUANTITY
2. Does facility: <u>Treat</u> □. <u>Burn</u> □. <u>Landfill</u> □, or use <u>Surface Impoundments</u> □, for on-site <u>hazardous waste</u> management? No 🗷
3. Did you see large numbers of drums (>15) of <u>unknown</u> materials stored in an "abandon-like" manner? No X Yes □
Describe:(PH0T0 □)
4. Did you see any hazardous waste containers, drums, or tanks <u>leaking?</u> No 💆 Yes 🗆
Describe:(PHOTO)
5. Did you see any signs of spills or releases (e.g., dead or stressed vegetation, stains, discoloration)?——No文 Yes 口
Describe: (PHOTO C)
6. Did you see any chemical, industrial, or waste handling practices that concerned you (consider access to children and public)? No XI Yes
Describe: (PHOTO □)
7. Does facility have any <u>past</u> or <u>present</u> underground storage tanks that contain petroleum, used oil, or hazardous substances? No. Yes
8. Does facility have any underground fuel storage tanks for emergency generators? No 🛕 Yes □
EMER. PLANNING & COMMUNITY RIGHT TO KNOW ACT (EPCRA), TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA) & PCB's (Polychlorinated Biphenyls)
1. Have Toxic Chemical Release Forms (Form R) been submitted under Section 313 of EPCRA? No □ Yes 🗷
2. Have Hazardous Chemical Inventory Forms (Tier II) been submitted to local Emergency Planning Committees or fire departments? No 🗆 Yes 🗷
3. Does facility <u>import</u> or <u>manufacture</u> a chemical substance? No □ Yes ☒ Describe type and intended use: IMPORT LEAD CONCENTENTE
4. Does facility have equipment containing PCB's > 500 ppm in storage or service — that is leaking not labeled nor not registered nor not registered No not labeled nor not registered nor nor not registered nor nor not registered nor not registered nor nor not re
SPILL PREVENTION CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURE PLAN (SPCC)
1. Does facility have above ground oil (petroleum, synthetic, animal, fish, vegetable) tanks, with an aggregate volume > 1320 gallons? No 🗆 Yes 🕱
Is there an SPCC Plan? No D Yes X Is there secondary containment? No D Yes X
Is oil <u>leaking</u> and threatening to reach waters of the State or U.S.? No 🔀 Yes 🗆 Describe:(PHOTO 🗀)
FEDERAL INSECTICIDE, FUNGICIDE, AND RODENTICIDE ACT (FIFRA)
1. Does the facility <u>manufacture, repackage</u> , or <u>apply</u> pesticides? No 凶 Yes □
Are rinsates handled in an environmentally sound manner? Yes □ No □ → Describe:(PHOTO □)
2. Do workers use personal protective equipment (gloves, long sleeve shirts, coveralls) when mixing, loading, or applying? No 🗆 Yes 🗆
* PLEASE TAKE PHOTOS TO DOCUMENT POTENTIAL PROBLEMS

APR 23 1999

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT:

Transmittal of Inspection Report - Water

FROM:

Lorenzo Sena, Environmental Protection Specialist

EMWC/ENSV

TO:

Cynthia Hutchison, Compliance Officer

NFMB/WWPD

This memorandum transmits the following inspection report conducted by the

Environmental Services Division:

Type: Compliance Biomonitoring Inspection - Acute	Inspection Date: 02/22/99							
Facility Name: Doe Run Herculaneum Smelter	Facility I.D. Number: NPDES-MO-0000281							
Address: 881 Main Street Herculaneum, MO 63048	Activity Number: WLR46							
Facility Activity: Lead ore converted to lead metal	SIC Code: 3339							
Environmental Justice: Was the inspection conducted in a potential EJ area? No								
Multimedia: Screening checklist completed? Yes (Or: Level C multimedia ins	pection completed involving Air & RCRA.) No							
Preliminary Findings:								
 Holding time for pH analysis is greater than 15 minutes. SIC code for facility is 3339, permit is incorrect, SIC code on permit is 3332. 								
Comments:								

Also, we request that you complete and return the attached Satisfaction Survey.

Attachments

cc: Mary Tietjen-Mindrup, NFMB/WWPD, w/o attachments

L.Sena:vs:04/20/99

EMWC Littell EMWC

4/20/99